# TENT COOPERATION TRE. /

MH

#### From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

**PCT** 

### **NOTIFICATION OF ELECTION**

(PCT Rule 61.2)

Assistant Commissioner for Patents United States Patent and Trademark

Office Box PCT

Washington, D.C.20231 ÉTATS-UNIS D'AMÉRIQUE

Date of mailing (day/month/year)
17 January 2000 (17.01.00)

International application No.
PCT/GB99/01411

International filing date (day/month/year)
O6 May 1999 (06.05.99)

Applicant

KALSI, Gurbinder, Singh

1.	The designated Office is hereby notified of its election made:
	X in the demand filed with the International Preliminary Examining Authority on:
	02 December 1999 (02.12.99)
	in a notice effecting later election filed with the International Bureau on:
2.	The election X was
	was not
	made before the expiration of 19 months from the priority date or, where Rule 32 applies, within the time limit under Rule 32.2(b).

The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland Authorized officer

S. Mafla

Telephone No.: (41-22) 338.83.38

Facsimile No.: (41-22) 740.14.35



# **PCT**

# WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION International Bureau



# INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification 6: WO 99/57397 (11) International Publication Number: E05B 65/00 **A2** (43) International Publication Date: 11 November 1999 (11.11.99) PCT/GB99/01411 (21) International Application Number: (81) Designated States: IN, JP, KR, US, European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, 6 May 1999 (06.05.99) (22) International Filing Date: NL, PT, SE). (30) Priority Data: **Published** 9809640.7 6 May 1998 (06.05.98) GB Without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report. (71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): MERITOR LIGHT VEHICLE SYSTEMS (UK) LTD. [GB/GB]; Fordhouse Lane, Stirchley, Birmingham B30 3BW (GB). (72) Inventor; and (75) Inventor/Applicant (for US only): KALSI, Gurbinder, Singh [GB/GB]; 59 Wolverhampton Road, Oldbury, Warley, West Midlands B68 ONF (GB). (74) Agents: BARNFATHER, Karl, Jon et al.; Withers & Rogers, Goldings House, 2 Hays Lane, London SE1 2HW (GB).

(54) Title: LATCH MECHANISM

#### (57) Abstract

A door latch mechanism (10) including a housing, a pawl (15) moveably mounted in the housing to release the latch, a pawl lifter (20) connected to the pawl with an inside lock link (21) and an outside lock link (22) mounted on the pawl lifter with the lock links being moveable between a respective first position at which operation of an associated door handle causes movement of the pawl to release the latch and a second position at which operation of the associated door handle does not cause movement of the pawl. Preferably movement of the lock links is effected by a power actuator.

# FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

AL	Albania	ES	Spain	LS	Lesotho	SI	Slovenia
AM	Armenia	FI	Finland	L.T	Lithuania	SK	Slovakia
AT	Austria	FR	France	LU	Luxembourg	SN	Senegal
AU	Australia	GA	Gabon	LV	Latvia	SZ	Swaziland *
AZ	Azerbaijan	GB	United Kingdom	MC	Monaco	TD	Chad
BA	Bosnia and Herzegovina	GE	Georgia	MD	Republic of Moldova	TG	Togo
BB	Barbados	GH	Ghana	MG	Madagascar	TJ	Tajikistan
BE	Belgium	GN	Guinea	MK	The former Yugoslav	TM	Turkmenistan
BF	Burkina Faso	GR	Greece		Republic of Macedonia	TR	Turkey
BG	Bulgaria	HU	Hungary	ML	Mali	TT	Trinidad and Tobago
BJ	Benin ·	IE	Ireland	MN	Mongolia	UA	Ukraine
BR	Brazil	IL	Israel	MR	Mauritania	UG	Uganda
BY	Belarus	IS	Iceland	MW	Malawi	US	United States of America
CA	Canada	IT	Italy	MX	Mexico	UZ	Uzbekistan
CF	Central African Republic	JP	Japan	NE	Niger	VN	Viet Nam
CG	Congo	KE	Kenya	NL	Netherlands	YU	Yugoslavia
CH	Switzerland	KG	Kyrgyzstan	NO	Norway	zw	Zimbabwe
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	KP	Democratic People's	NZ	New Zealand		
CM	Cameroon		Republic of Korea	PL	Poland		
CN	China	KR	Republic of Korea	PT	Portugal		
CU	Cuba	KZ	Kazakstan	RO	Romania		
CZ	Czech Republic	LC	Saint Lucia	RU	Russian Federation		
DE	Germany	LI	Liechtenstein	SD	Sudan		
DK	Denmark	LK	Sri Lanka	SE	Sweden		
EE	Estonia	LR	Liberia	SG	Singapore		

### **LATCH MECHANISM**

The present invention relates to latch mechanisms for doors of vehicles. The invention further relates to vehicles including at least 2 doors, each door incorporating a latch mechanism.

It is known to provide latch mechanisms on doors of vehicles to allow opening and closing of the door. Such latch mechanisms have various modes of operation eg

- a) Lock mode, wherein operation of an outside door handle does not open the latch mechanism
- b) Superlocked mode, when in operation of an outside or an inside release lever does not operate the latch mechanism.
- c) Child safety mode, wherein operation of an inside release lever does not open the latch mechanism, whether or not the latch mechanism is locked, and
- d) Release mode, wherein the latch mechanism is released via means other than operation of the inside or outside release levers.

Each mode has alternate states eg locked/unlocked, superlocked/not superlocked, child safety on/off and release/not released.

2

Typically each mode requires an individual mechanism to effect the alternative states, with operation of each mechanism being affected either manually or with an individual power actuator.

In the case of a latch mechanism operated entirely by power actuators, such as DC motors, it is also necessary to be able to open a locked door which has the child safety feature on in an emergency situation when actuation of the power actuators is not possible, such as when the keys to the vehicle are not available.

Thus according to the present invention there is provided a latch mechanism including a housing, a pawl movably mounted in the housing to release the latch, with at least one of an inside and outside lock link mounted for movement with the pawl with the at least one lock link being movable between a first position at which operation of an associated release means causes movement of the pawl to release the latch, and a second position at which operation of the associated release means does not cause movement of the pawl.

Preferably movement of the at least one lock link between its first and second position is effected by a power actuator.

3

According to a further aspect of the invention there is also provided a latch mechanism having a set of operating modes, each mode having alternate states, the set including at least one of a lock mode and, a super lock mode, and at least one of a child safety mode and a release mode, changing of the latch mechanism between alternate states of each of the at least two modes of the set being effected by a single power actuator.

According to a further aspect of the invention there is provided a latch mechanism having a set of operating modes, each mode having alternate states, the set including a child safety mode and a release mode, changing of the latch mechanism between alternate states of each of the modes being effected by a single power actuator.

According to a further aspect of the invention there is provided a vehicle including a first and second door, each door including respective first and second latch mechanisms, the first and second latch mechanisms being substantially the same, and being operable by respective first and second power actuators to give respective first and second sets of operating modes each mode having alternate states, control of the power actuators being different to provide for different first and second sets of operating modes.

The invention will now be described by way of example only with reference to the accompanying drawings in which;

Fig.1 is a latch mechanism according to the present invention in a super-locked condition;

Fig. la is an enlarged view of part of Fig. 1;

Fig. 1b is a schematic view in the direction of arrow A of Fig. 1;

Fig.2 is the latch mechanism of Fig.1 in a locked position with child safety on;

Fig.3 is the latch mechanism of Fig.1 in an unlocked condition with the child safety on;

Fig.4 is the latch mechanism of Fig.1 in a locked condition with the child safety off;

Fig.5 is the latch mechanism of Fig.1 in an unlocked position with the child safety off; and

Fig.6 is a latch mechanism of Fig.1 in a release position.

With reference to Figs 1-6 there is shown a latch mechanism 10 including a body 11 which supports various components of the latch mechanism 10 as indicated below.

5

Latch mechanism 10 further includes a claw 12 pivotally mounted about axis 13 on the body 11. Claw 12 acts to secure an associated door (not shown) in a closed position via a striker pin 14 attached to the door aperture. Rotation of the claw 12 in an anticlockwise direction about axis 13 when viewing Fig.1 allows release of the striker pin 14, thus enabling opening of the associated door.

The claw 12 is held in a closed position by a pawl 15, only part of which is shown in dotted profile in Fig.1 for clarity. Pawl 15 is pivotally mounted on body 11 and can rotate about axis 16. Claw 12 can be held in a first safety position (not shown) when pawl 15 engages first safety abutment 17.

Pawl lifter 20 is generally flat and lies in a plane parallel to pawl 15, to which it is rotationally secured. When viewing Fig.1 pawl 15 is obscured by pawl lifter 20. Clearly, pawl lifter 20 also rotates about axis 16.

Inside lock link 21 and outside lock link 22 are mounted for movement with the pawl, in this case they are each individually pivoted about respective axes 21a and 22a on pawl lifter 20. In this case inside lock link 21 and outside lock link 22 are identical and each have respective cam followers 21b and 22b

6

and release abutments 21c and 22c. Inside lock link 21 and outside lock link 22 are each biased in a clockwise direction when viewing Fig.1 such that the respective cam followers 21b and 22b contact cam 30.

Cam 30 is capable of rotating independently from pawl lifter 20 about axis 16. Cam 30 has three lobes 31, 32 and 33 and two levers 34, and 35 shown diagrammatically for clarity. Lobes 31, 32, 33 and levers 34 and 35 are all rotationally fast with cam 30. Preferably cam 30 can at least be rotated to the various positions as described below by a power actuator (not shown) such as a DC motor or preferably a stepper motor.

Outside release lever 40 is pivotedly mounted about axis 41. Inside release lever 43 (shown diagrammatically in Fig.1b) is pivotedly mounted about axis 44.

Operation of a door latch mechanism is as follows.

Fig.1 shows the door latch mechanism in a super lock condition, that is to say operation of the outside release lever 40 or inside release lever 43 does not allow unlatching of the mechanism. In particular it can be seen that if

7

outside release lever 40 were to be operated by being rotated in a clockwise direction about axis 41, abutment 42 would pass release abutment 22c of outside lock link 22 without contact (note that outside release lever 40 is in the same plane as outside lock link 22). Similarly inside release lever 43 when operated by being rotated in an anticlockwise direction about axis 44 when viewing Fig.1b, would cause abutment 45 to pass release abutment 21c of inside lock link 21 (see especially Fig.1).

Fig.2 shows the door latch mechanism 10 in a locked position with the child safety feature on. It will be noted that cam 30 has been rotated 30 degrees in an anticlockwise direction when compared to Fig.1. However, the inside lock link 21 and outside lock link 22 are in the same position when compared with Fig.1 since neither of the cam followers 21b or 22b have, at this stage, ridden up any of the lobes 31, 32 or 33 of the cam 30. However, lever 34 has been rotated to a position whereby operation of the inside release lever 43 in an anticlockwise direction when viewing Fig.1b would cause abutment 46 to contact lever 34 and rotate cam 30 to the position shown in Fig.3. Note this initial operation of inside release lever 43 does not unlatch the mechanism but only operates to unlock the door (see below). This method of being able to override and open a locked door which has the child safety on is especially important in an emergency situation whereby a passer-by can effect

8

access to the inside door handle (eg by breaking the door window glass), operate the inside door handle to unlock the door, then operate the outside door handle to open the door and then remove the child from the car.

Fig.3 shows the door latch mechanism 10 in an unlocked condition with the child safety feature on. In this case the cam 30 has been rotated sufficiently (either by operating the inside release lever when the cam was in the position shown in Fig.2 or by independent rotation of the cam directly eg by a power actuator) such that cam follower 22b has ridden up cam lobe 32 resulting in anticlockwise rotation of outside lock link 22. Thus when outside release lever 40 is operated, abutment 42 contacts release abutment 22c causing the pawl lifter 20 as a whole to rotate anticlockwise when viewing Fig.3 and releasing the pawl 15 and allowing the claw 12 to open. Stop 22d limits the anticlockwise rotation of outside lock link 22. Upon release of the outside release lever 40 the pawl lifter 20 is biased back to the position as shown in Fig.3 by a spring (not shown). It should also be noted that the inside lock link 21 is in the same position as that shown in Fig.1, thus operation of the inside release lever 43 does not allow opening of the door.

Fig.4 shows the door latch mechanism 10 in a locked condition with the child safety feature off. It should be noted that the cam 30 has been rotated

9

90 degrees in an anticlockwise direction when compared with Fig.1. This results in cam follower 22b being situated between cam lobes 32 and 33 thus ensuring that operation of outside release lever 40 does not release the latch mechanism. Furthermore, the rotation of the cam 30 has caused cam follower 21b to ride up cam lobe 31 causing inside lock link 21 to rotate anticlockwise about axis 21a. Thus abutment 21c of inside lock link 21 is contacted by abutment 45 of inside release lever 43 when it is operated. This causes anticlockwise rotation of the pall lifter 20 about axis 16 resulting in unlatching of the door mechanism and allowing the door to be subsequently opened. Stop 21d limits the anticlockwise rotation of inside lock link 21. It should be noted that the operation of the inside release lever 43 also causes abutment 46 to contact lever 35 causing rotation of cam 30 to the position shown in Fig.5. This prevents a vehicle occupant inadvertedly locking himself out of the vehicle since opening of the door from the inside automatically unlocks the door, allowing subsequent opening from the outside.

Fig.5 shows the door latch mechanism 10 in an unlocked position with the child safety feature off. It can be seen that the cam has been rotated (either by operating the inside release lever when the cam was in the position shown in Fig.4 or by independent rotation of the cam directly eg by a power actuator) such that abutment 22b now rests on lobe 33 allowing operation of the outside release lever 40 to unlatch the latch mechanism as described above.

10

Furthermore abutment 21b remains in contact with lobe 31 thus ensuring that operation of the inside release lever also unlatches the door mechanism.

Fig.6 shows the door latch mechanism 10 in a released position. This is achieved by rotation of cam 30 in a anticlockwise direction which allows contact between corresponding lost motion abutments (not shown) on the pawl lifter 20 and cam 30. Such lost motion abutments allow the cam 30 to rotate the pawl lifter 20 to release the door latch mechanism independently of the operation of the outside release lever 40 or the inside release lever 43.

Note that only a single cam is required to effect the various modes of operation.

In further embodiments the inside and outside lock links can be mounted directly on the pawl.

### **CLAIMS**

- 1. A latch mechanism including a housing, a pawl movably mounted in the housing to release the latch, with at least one of an inside and outside lock link mounted for movement with the pawl with the at least one lock link being movable between a first position at which operation of an associated release means causes movement of the pawl to release the latch, and a second position at which operation of the associated release means does not cause movement of the pawl.
- 2. A latch mechanism as defined in claim 1 in which the pawl is rotatably mounted in the housing.
- 3. A latch mechanism as defined in claim 1 or 2 in which a pawl lifter is connected to a pawl and the at least one lock link is mounted on the pawl lifter.
- 4. A latch mechanism as defined in any preceding claim in which the at least one lock link is pivotally mounted for rotational movement between its first and second positions.

- 5. A latch mechanism as defined in any preceding claim in which the inside and outside lock link are both mounted for movement with the pawl.
- 6. A latch mechanism as defined in any preceding claim in which indexing of a cam effects movement of the at least one lock link between its first and second positions.
- 7. A latch mechanism as defined in claim 6 in which the cam is rotationally mounted for indexing.
- 8. A latch mechanism as defined in claim 7 when dependent upon claim 2 in which the cam is rotationally mounted co-axially with the pawl.
- 9. A latch mechanism as defined in any one of claims 6 to 8 in which the cam includes at least 2 cam lobes which position the at least one lock link in one of the first and second positions, with the at least 2 cam lobes being separated by a cam valley which positions the at least one lock link in the other of the first and second positions.
- 10. A latch mechanism as defined in any one of claims 6 to 9 in which indexing of the cam effects movement of both the inside and outside lock links.

- 11. A latch mechanism as defined in any one of claims 6 to 10 in which the cam has a plurality of lobes.
- 12. A latch mechanism as defined in any one of claims 6 to 11 in which the release means is capable of indexing the cam to move at least one of the lock links between the first and second positions.
- 13. A latch mechanism as defined in claim 12 in which the release means is capable of indexing the cam to move at least one of the lock links from its second position to its first position.
- 14. A latch mechanism as defined in any preceding claim in which movement of the at least one lock link between its first and second position is effected by a power actuator.
- 15. A latch mechanism as defined in any previous claim in which the pawl is capable of being moved to release the latch by a power actuator.
- 16. A latch mechanism as defined in claim 15 when dependent upon claim 14 in which the power actuator which indexes the cam is the same power actuator which moves the pawl.

- 17. A latch mechanism as defined in claim 16 in which the power actuator drives the cam such that an abutment on the cam operatively co-acts with an abutment fast with the pawl to release the latch mechanism
- 18. A latch mechanism as defined in any preceding claim having a set of operating modes, each mode having alternate states, the set including at least one of a lock mode and a super lock mode, and at least one of a child safety mode and a release mode, changing of the latch mechanism between alternate states of each of the at least two modes of the set being effected by a single power actuator.
- 19. A latch mechanism as defined in claim 18 in which the set includes the lock mode and the super lock mode and at least one of the child safety mode and release mode.
- 20. A latch mechanism as defined in claim 18 or 19 in which the set includes at least one of the lock mode and super lock mode and both of the child safety mode and the release mode.
- 21. A latch mechanism as defined in any preceding claim having a set of operating modes, each mode having alternate states, the set including a child

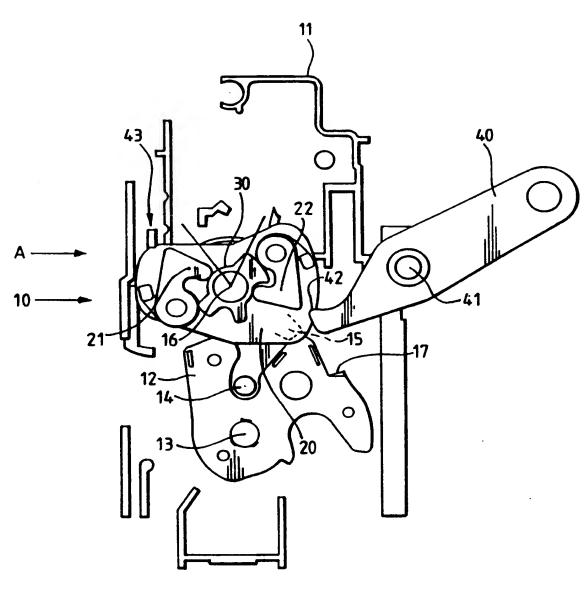
15

safety mode and a release mode, changing of the latch mechanism between alternate states of each of the modes being effected by a single power actuator.

- 22. A latch mechanism having a set of operating modes, each mode having alternate states, the set including at least one of a lock mode and a super lock mode, and at least one of a child safety mode and a release mode, changing of the latch mechanism between alternate states of each of the at least two modes of the set being effected by a single power actuator.
- 23. A latch mechanism as defined in claim 22 in which the set includes the lock mode and the super lock mode and at least one of the child safety mode and release mode.
- 24. A latch mechanism as defined in claim 22 or 23 in which the set includes at least one of the lock mode and super lock mode and both of the child safety mode and the release mode.
- 25. A latch mechanism having a set of operating modes, each mode having alternate states, the set including a child safety mode and a release mode, changing of the latch mechanism between alternate states of each of the modes being effected by a single power actuator.

- 26. A vehicle body including a first and second door, each door including respective first and second latch mechanisms as defined in any preceding claim, each mechanism being operable by respective first and second power actuators to give respective first and second sets of operating modes, each mode having alternate states, and control of the power actuators being different to provide for different first and second sets of operating modes.
- 27. A vehicle body as defined in claim 26 in which the first and second latch mechanisms are substantially the same.
- 28. A vehicle including a first and second door, each door including respective first and second latch mechanisms, the first and second latch mechanisms being substantially the same, and being operable by respective first and second power actuators to give respective first and second sets of operating modes each mode having alternate states, control of the power actuators being different to provide for different first and second sets of operating modes.

1/7



SUPER LOCKED

FIG.1.

2/7

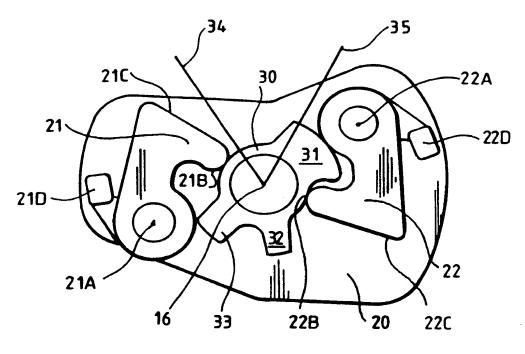


FIG. 1A.

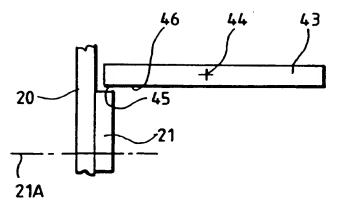
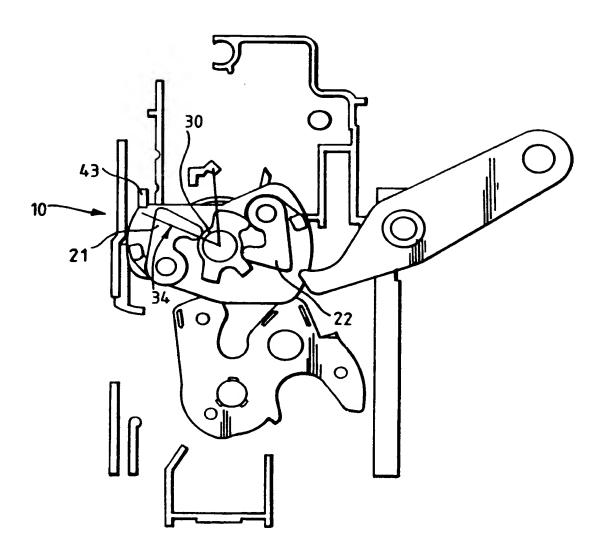


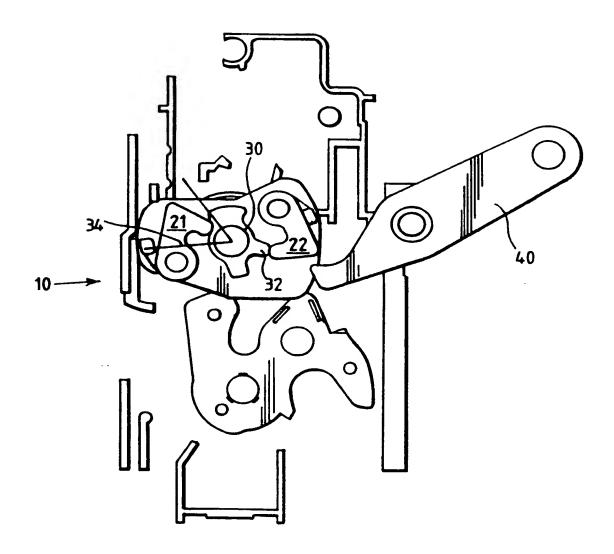
FIG.1B.

3/7



LOCKED-CHILD SAFETY ON

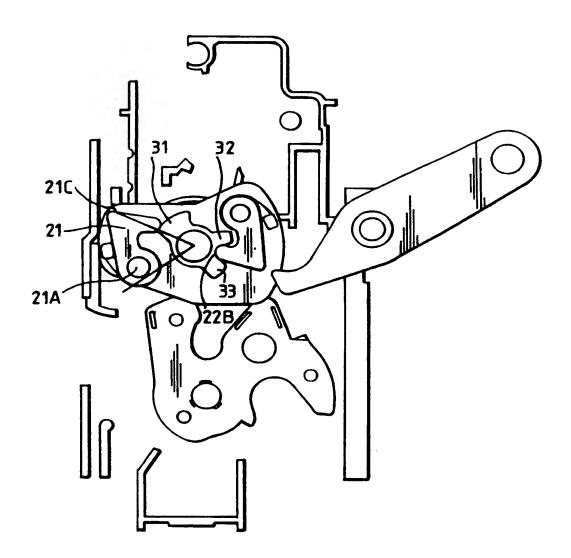
FIG.2.



UNLOCKED - CHILD SAFETY ON

FIG. 3.

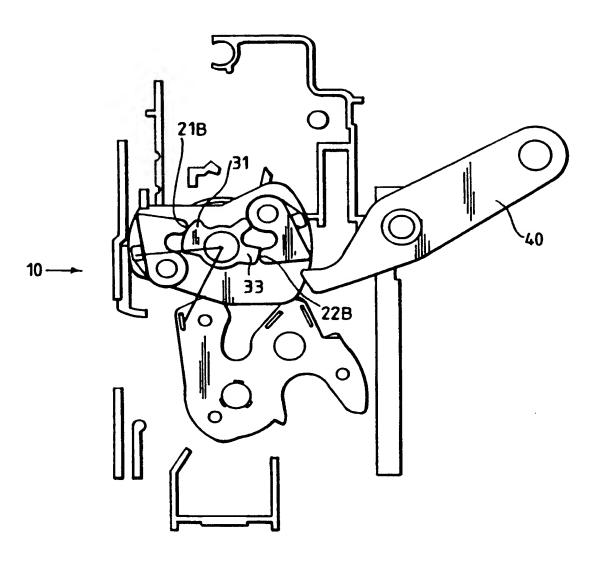
5/7



LOCKED CHILD SAFETY OFF

FIG.4.

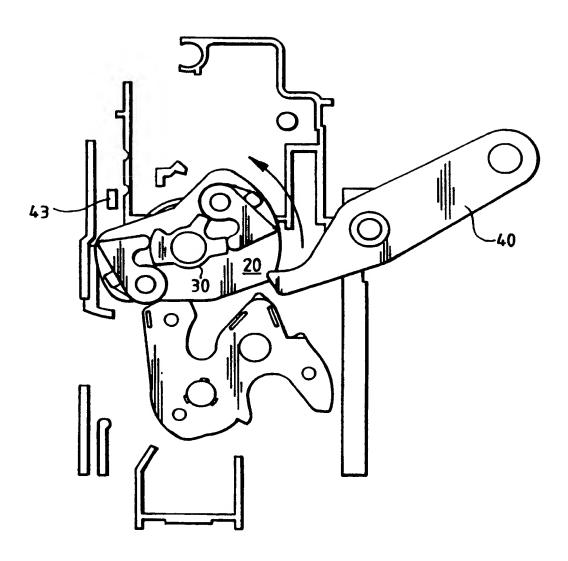
6/7



UNLOCKED CHILD SAFETY OFF

FIG.5.

7/7



RELEASE

FIG.6.

## **PCT**

# WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION International Bureau



# INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification 6:	A3	(11) International Publication Number	r: WO 99/57397
E05B 65/20		(43) International Publication Date:	11 November 1999 (11.11.99)

(21) International Application Number:

PCT/GB99/01411

(22) International Filing Date:

6 May 1999 (06.05.99)

(30) Priority Data:

9809640.7

6 May 1998 (06.05.98)

GB

(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): MERITOR LIGHT VEHICLE SYSTEMS (UK) LTD. [GB/GB]; Ford-house Lane, Stirchley, Birmingham B30 3BW (GB).

(72) Inventor; and

(75) Inventor/Applicant (for US only): KALSI, Gurbinder, Singh [GB/GB]; 59 Wolverhampton Road, Oldbury, Warley, West Midlands B68 0NF (GB).

(74) Agents: BARNFATHER, Karl, Jon et al.; Withers & Rogers, Goldings House, 2 Hays Lane, London SE1 2HW (GB).

(81) Designated States: IN, JP, KR, US, European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE).

#### **Published**

With international search report.

Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.

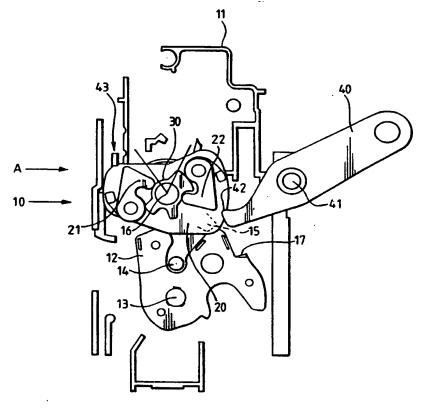
(88) Date of publication of the international search report:

20 January 2000 (20.01.00)

### (54) Title: LATCH MECHANISM

#### (57) Abstract

A door latch mechanism (10) including a housing, a pawl (15) moveably mounted in the housing to release the latch, a pawl lifter (20) connected to the pawl with an inside lock link (21) and an outside lock link (22) mounted on the pawl lifter with the lock links being moveable between a respective first position at which operation of an associated door handle causes movement of the pawl to release the latch and a second position at which operation of the associated door handle does not cause movement of the pawl. Preferably movement of the lock links is effected by a power actuator.



SUPER LOCKED

# FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	- miles pu	ing to the real on the re	one pages o	r pampinets paonsining n	ittinationa	n applications under the
AL	Albania	ES	Spain	LS	Lesotho	SI	Slovenia
AM	Armenia	FI	Finland	LT	Lithuania	SK	Slovakia
AT	Austria	FR	France	LU	Luxembourg	SN	Senegal
ΑU	Australia	GA	Gabon	LV	Latvia	SZ	Swaziland
ΑZ	Azerbaijan	GB	United Kingdom	MC	Monaco	TD	Chad
BA	Bosnia and Herzegovina	GE	Georgia	MD	Republic of Moldova	TG	Togo
BB	Barbados	GH	Ghana	MG	Madagascar	ТJ	Tajikistan
BE	Belgium	GN	Guinea	MK	The former Yugoslav	TM	Turkmenistan
BF	Burkina Faso	GR	Greece		Republic of Macedonia	TR	Turkey
BG	Bulgaria	HU	Hungary	ML	Mali	TT	Trinidad and Tobago
BJ	Benin	IE	Ireland	MN	Mongolia	ÜA	Ukraine
BR	Brazil	IL	Israel	MR	Mauritania	UG	Uganda
BY	Belarus	IS	Iceland	MW	Malawi	us	United States of America
CA	Canada	IT	Italy	MX	Mexico	UZ	Uzbekistan
CF	Central African Republic	JP	Japan	NE	Niger	VN	Viet Nam
CG	Congo	KE	Kenya	NL	Netherlands	YU	Yugoslavia
CH	Switzerland	KG	Kyrgyzstan	NO	Norway	zw	Zimbabwe
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	KP	Democratic People's	NZ	New Zealand	25	Zimonowe
CM	Cameroon		Republic of Korea	PL	Poland		
CN	China	KR	Republic of Korea	PT	Portugal		
CU	Cuba	KZ	Kazakstan	RO	Romania		
CZ	Czech Republic	LC	Saint Lucia	RU	Russian Federation		
DE	Germany	LI	Liechtenstein	SD	Sudan		
D.L.	D				<del></del>		

SE

SG

Sweden

Singapore



DK

EE

Denmark Estonia

LK LR

Sri Lanka

Liberia

Interr nal Application No PCT/GB 99/01411

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC 6 E05B65/20 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC **B. FIELDS SEARCHED** Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC 6 E05B Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included, in the fields searched Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used) C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Category ° Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages Relevant to claim No. X US 5 676 003 A (ROBERT BOSCH GMBH) 1-7. 14 October 1997 9-14. 18-28 see column 2, line 31 - column 5, line 53; Α figures χ DE 195 30 726 A (KIEKERT AG) 1,2,4, 20 February 1997 15-28 see column 5, line 30 - column 7, line 13; Α 3,6,7 figures US 5 309 745 A (ROBERT BOSCH GMBH) Α 1-7,9,11 10 May 1994 see column 3, line 4 - column 7, line 14; X 18-28 figures Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C. Patent family members are listed in annex. ° Special categories of cited documents: "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance invention earlier document but published on or after the international "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to filing date document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such docu-ments, such combination being obvious to a person skilled "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or in the art. document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed "&" document member of the same patent family Date of the actual completion of the international search Date of mailing of the international search report 19 November 1999 29/11/1999 Name and mailing address of the ISA Authorized officer European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Vacca, R Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016

ormation on patent family members

Interr hal Application No PCT/GB 99/01411

Patent document cited in search report		Publication date	Patent family member(s)		Publication date	
US 5676003	Α	14-10-1997	DE	4222868 A	13-01-1994	
			WO	9401644 A	20-01-1994	
			DE	59301691 D	28-03-1996	
			EP	0653010 A	17-05-1995	
			JP	7508804 T	28-09-1995	
DE 19530726	Α	20-02-1997	FR	2737907 A	21-02-1997	
			IT	MI961397 A	05-01-1998	
			JP	9105262 A	22-04-1997	
			US	5802894 A	08-09-1998	
US 5309745	Α	10-05-1994	DE	4131891 A	01-04-1993	
			FR	2681896 A	02-04-1993	
			IT	1255609 B	09-11-1995	
			JP	5214863 A	24-08-1993	



M.H

# **INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT**

(PCT Article 18 and Rules 43 and 44)

Applicant's or agent's file reference	(Form PCT/ISA/2)	f Transmittal of International Search Report 20) as well as, where applicable, item 5 below.						
JBJ/PS0123WO	ACTION							
International application No.	International filing date (day/month/year)	(Earliest) Priority Date (day/month/year)						
PCT/GB 99/01411	06/05/1999	06/05/1998						
Applicant								
MERITOR LIGHT VEHICLE SYS	TEMS (UK) LTD. et al.							
according to Article 18. A copy is being tra		nority and is transmitted to the applicant						
This International Search Report consists  It is also accompanied by	of a total of sheets. a copy of each prior art document cited in this	report.						
Basis of the report								
<ul> <li>a. With regard to the language, the language in which it was filed, un</li> </ul>	international search was carried out on the bas ess otherwise indicated under this item.	is of the international application in the						
the international search w Authority (Rule 23.1(b)).	as carried out on the basis of a translation of the	ne international application furnished to this						
<ul> <li>With regard to any nucleotide an was carried out on the basis of the</li> </ul>	d/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the intelegration in the intelegration in the intelegration and intelegration in the intelegration and intelegration are intelegrated in the intelegration and intelegration are intelegrated in the intelegration and intelegrated in the intelegration and intelegrated in the intelegrated in the intelegration and intelegrated in the intelegration and intelegrated in the	ternational application, the international search						
	nal application in written form.							
filed together with the inte	rnational application in computer readable form	n.						
furnished subsequently to	this Authority in written form.							
furnished subsequently to	this Authority in computer readble form.							
the statement that the sub international application a	sequently furnished written sequence listing do s filed has been furnished.	pes not go beyond the disclosure in the						
the statement that the info furnished	ormation recorded in computer readable form is	identical to the written sequence listing has been						
2. Certain claims were fou	nd unsearchable (See Box I).							
3. Unity of invention is lac	king (see Box II).							
4. With regard to the title,								
X the text is approved as su	bmitted by the applicant.							
the text has been establis	hed by this Authority to read as follows:							
5. With regard to the abstract,								
the text is approved as su	· · · · · ·							
the text has been establis within one month from the	hed, according to Rule 38.2(b), by this Authority date of mailing of this international search repo	y as it appears in Box III. The applicant may. ort, submit comments to this Authority.						
6. The figure of the drawings to be publ	shed with the abstract is Figure No.	1						
$oxed{X}$ as suggested by the appli	cant.	None of the figures.						
because the applicant fail	ed to suggest a figure.							
because this figure better	characterizes the invention.							

International application No.
PCT/GB 99/01411

Box III TEXT OF THE ABSTRACT (Continuation of item 5 of the first sheet)

Line 1 add brackets to "(10)" and "(15)" Line 2 add brackets to "(20)" Line 3 add brackets to "(21)" and "(22)"

**PCT** 

0 9 AUS 2000

# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applican	t's or ag	ent's file reference		See Notification of Transmittal of International				
JBJ/PS0123WO			FOR FURTHER ACTION	Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)				
International application No.			International filing date (day/monti	h/year) Priority date (day/month/year)				
PCT/GB99/01411 06/05/1999 06/05/1998								
E05B6	5/20	ent Classification (IPC) or na	ational classification and IPC					
Applican MERIT		GHT VEHICLE SYSTE	EMS (UK) LTD. et al.					
1. Thi	is interi	national preliminary exam nsmitted to the applicant	nination report has been prepare according to Article 36.	ed by this International Preliminary Examining Authority				
2. Th	is REP	ORT consists of a total o	f 5 sheets, including this cover s	sheet.				
⊠	been (see	amended and are the ba	asis for this report and/or sheets 507 of the Administrative Instruct	he description, claims and/or drawings which have containing rectifications made before this Authority tions under the PCT).				
3. Th	_	_	lating to the following items:					
1								
	II L		eninion with regard to nevelty it	nventive step and industrial applicability				
1	• • • •	<ul><li>J Non-establishment of ☐ Lack of unity of invent</li></ul>		iotony, into mito otop one management (				
	_	Reasoned statement	under Article 35(2) with regard to tions suporting such statement	o novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability;				
1	vı [	Certain documents c	ited					
\	VII D	G Certain defects in the	international application	•				
\ \ \	/III [	Gertain observations	on the international application					
Date of	submis	sion of the demand	Date o	of completion of this report				
02/12	/1 <sub>,</sub> 999			Q 4. 08. 0Q				
	nary exa	ling address of the internatio	nal Autho	orized officer				
9	ച്ച) ം	uropean Patent Office -80298 Munich el. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 5236	Vaco	ca, R				
	F	ax: +49 89 2399 - 4465	Telep	hone No. +49 89 2399 2863				



International application No. PCT/GB99/01411

## I. Basis of the report

1. This report has been drawn on the basis of (substitute sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to the report since they do not contain amendments.):

	the report since they do not contain amendments.).								
	Description, pages:								
	1-10		as originally filed						
	Clai	ms, No.:							
	1-20	,21 (part)	as originally filed						
	21 (	part)	as received on		23/06/2000	with letter of	19/06/2000		
	Dra	wings, sheets:							
	1/8-	8/8	as originally filed						
2.	The	amendments hav	e resulted in the ca	ancellation of:					
		the description,	pages:						
	×	the claims,	Nos.:	22-28					
		the drawings,	sheets:						
3.		This report has b considered to go	een established as beyond the disclos	s if (some of) t sure as filed (	the amendme Rule 70.2(c)):	nts had not beer	n made, since they have been		
4.	Add	litional observation	ns, if necessary:						



International application No. PCT/GB99/01411

V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes:

Claims 8

Claims 1-7,9-21

No: Claims

Inventive step (IS)

Yes:

Claims 1-21

No: Clai

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes:

Claims 1-21

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations

see separate sheet

VII. Certain defects in the international application

The following defects in the form or contents of the international application have been noted:

see separate sheet

VIII. Certain observations on the international application

The following observations on the clarity of the claims, description, and drawings or on the question whether the claims are fully supported by the description, are made:

see separate sheet

# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY Inter EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET

1. Reference is made to the following documents:

D1 = US-A-5 676 003 D2 = DE-A-195 30 726.

- 2. The present application does not satisfy the criterion set forth in Article 33(2) PCT, because the subject-matter of claim 1 is not new in respect of the prior art as defined in the regulation (Rule 64(1) (3) PCT).
- 2.1 From D1 a latch mechanism is known, including a housing, a pawl (23) movably mounted in the housing to release a latch (20), with at least one of an inside and outside lock link (33,32) mounted for movement with the pawl (through elements 27,28) with the at least one lock link (33,32) being movable between a first position at which operation of an associated release means (35) causes movement of the pawl (23) to release the latch (20), and a second position at which operation of the associated release means does not cause movement of the pawl.
- 2.2 Moreover, the subject-matter of claim 1 is also anticipated by D2: see pawl 8, latch 7, inside and outside lock links 17,5, release means 9.
- 2.3 Therefore, the subject-matter of claim 1 is not new.
- 3. Dependent claims 2 to 21 do not contain any features which, in combination with the features of any claim to which they refer, meet the requirements of the PCT in respect of novelty and/or inventive step.

The subject-matter of claims 2, 4 and 18 to 21 is known both from D1 (rotatable pawl 23, lock link 33,32, power actuator 50) and also from D2 (rotatable pawl 8, lock link 17, power actuator 6).

The subject-matter of claims 3, 5 to 7, and 9 to 14 is known from D1: see pawl 23, pawl lifter 28,27, cam 44, cam lobes 47,48, release means 53, power actuator 50. Claims 15 to 17 are anticipated by D2: see power actuator 13, cam 11, abutment 10.

The additional features cited in claim 8 relate merely to constructional measures coming within the scope of the customary practice followed by persons skilled in

# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY

International application No. PCT/GB99/01411

**EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET** 

the art and involving no unexpected effects.

- The independent claim should have been properly cast in the two part form, with 4. those features which in combination are part of the closest prior art being placed in the preamble (Rule 6.3(b) PCT).
  - Reference signs in parentheses should have been inserted in the claims to increase their intelligibility (Rule 6.2(b) PCT).
- To meet the requirements of Rule 5.1(a)(ii) PCT the documents US-A-5 676 003 5. and DE-A-195 30 726 should have been identify in the description and the relevant background art disclosed therein should be briefly discussed.
- In order to meet the requirements of Article 6 PCT, in claims 18 and 21 the 6. wording "each mode having alternate states" should have been replaced with "each mode having alternate on/off states" or equivalent expression.



15

safety mode and a release mode, changing of the latch mechanism between alternate states of each of the modes being effected by a single power actuator.